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tance of 8 feet, and each such spar and each such chain, hawser, rope, or line of any kind extending from any such vessel, steamboat, or water craft to said dock or wharf shall be equipped with and have properly and securely attached thereto a rat shield or guard of such design and in such manner as shall be approved by the chairman of the board of health for the parish of Orleans and the city of New Orleans, except such harbor boats which shall be fumigated once every 60 days.

SEC. 2. That no gang plank, staging, or other structure, whereon or whereby rats may board or leave such vessel, steamboat, or other water craft, shall be extended therefrom to the wharf or dock except during such time as loading or unloading is in progress, and when being loaded or unloaded a competent man, specially detailed for that purpose by the owner, master, or officer in charge of such vessel, steamboat, or other water craft, shall be stationed at each such gang plank, staging, or other structure, whose duty it shall be to prevent rats from boarding or leaving such vessel, steamboat, or other water craft, and, if possible, to destroy same.

SEC. 3. That after the hour of sunset all such gang planks, staging, or other structure, provided for in section 2 of this ordinance, shall be removed from such wharf or dock: *Provided*, That when loading or unloading is required to be done after sunset the same shall be done in the manner provided by section 2 of this ordinance: *And provided further*, That such light or lights shall be furnished by the owner, master, or other officer in charge of such vessel, steamboat, or other water craft, and so placed at, or sufficiently near to, each such gang plank, staging, or other structure as to so light such gang plank, staging, or other structure that the presence of rats may be easily and readily seen, and such additional competent men as may be necessary shall be detailed in the manner and for the purpose provided for in section 2 of this article, provided that at the end of each such gang plank, staging, or other structure shall be kept whitened at all times when in use for a length of 10 feet.

SEC. 4. That no crafted cargo or empty barrels, boxes, or other containers, especially those from or intended for the storeroom, shall be permitted to leave or be received aboard of any such vessel, steamboat, or other water craft until the same shall have been so inspected as to insure that they contain no rats.

SEC. 5. That it is hereby made the duty of the owner, agent, and master, or other officer in charge of any such vessel, steamboat, or other water craft to comply with all the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 6. That each day's violation that any provisions of this ordinance shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

SEC. 7. That the officers and employees of the dock board of the city of New Orleans are requested and the police force of the city of New Orleans are enjoined and required to assist in the enforcement of this whole ordinance and to report any violation thereof to the board of health for the Parish of Orleans and the city of New Orleans.

SEC. 8. That any person who shall violate any provisions of this ordinance shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$10 or more than \$25, or, in default of payment, by imprisonment in the parish jail for not less than 10 nor more than 30 days, or both, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction of same.

SEC. 9. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Plague—Prevention of the Introduction and Spread of—Garbage, Protection and Collection of. (Ord. 2514, Commission Council, June 22, 1915.)

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Commission Council of the City of New Orleans*, That from and after the promulgation of this ordinance that the owner, agent, and occupant of every premise, improved or unimproved, in the city of New Orleans, whereon or wherein garbage shall be created, shall provide a metal, water-tight container or containers, each with a tight-fitting cover, such container or containers to be of such size as to be easily man-handled and of such number as to receive the garbage accumulation

of 48 hours from each such premise, and shall place or cause to be placed in such container or containers, for the purpose of having their contents removed, on the sidewalks or open alleys in front or rear of said premises at the times hereinafter set forth.

SEC. 2. That for the purposes of this ordinance the city of New Orleans is hereby divided into two garbage districts. The first garbage district shall be comprised within the following limits:

Beginning at the river front and Eagle Street, along both sides of Eagle Street to Sycamore Place; along Sycamore Place, both sides, to Joliet Street; along Joliet Street, both sides, to Fig Street; along Fig Street, both sides, to Dublin Street; along Dublin Street, both sides, to Calliope Street; along Calliope Street, both sides, to Short Street; along Short Street, both sides, to Fig Street; along Fig Street, both sides, to South Carrollton Avenue; along South Carrollton Avenue, both sides, to Nelson Street; along Nelson Street, both sides, to Lowerline Street; along Lowerline Street, both sides, to Maple Street; along Maple Street, both sides, to Broadway Street; along Broadway Street, both sides, to St. Charles Avenue; along St. Charles Avenue, both sides, to Audubon Place; along Audubon Place, both sides, through to Audubon Boulevard; along Audubon Boulevard, both sides, to its rear extremity; and beginning again at the entrance of Audubon Place and St. Charles Avenue, along St. Charles Avenue, both sides, to the downtown boundary of Jesuits Place and Sophie Newcomb Place; and along the line of Jesuits Place and Sophie Newcomb Place to Clara Street; along Clara Street, both sides, to Peters Avenue; along Peters Avenue, both sides, to Freret Street; along Freret Street, both sides, to Napoleon Avenue; along Napoleon Avenue, both sides, to South Claiborne Street; along South Claiborne Street, both sides, to Louisiana Avenue; along Louisiana Avenue, both sides, to Magnolia Street; along Magnolia Street, both sides, to Felicity Street; along Felicity Street, both sides, to South Claiborne Avenue; along South Claiborne Avenue, both sides, to Julia Street; along Julia Street, downtown side, to Broad Street; along Broad Street, both sides, to Tulane Avenue; along Tulane Avenue, both sides, to Julia Street; along Julia Street, river side, to South Bernadotte Street; along South Bernadotte Street, both sides, to Cleveland Avenue; along Cleveland Avenue, both sides, to South Anthony Street; along South Anthony Street, both sides, to Canal Street; along Canal Street, both sides, to City Park Avenue; along City Park Avenue, both sides, to Bienville Street; along Bienville Street, both sides, to North Dupre Street; along North Dupre Street, both sides, to Carondelet Walk; along Carondelet Walk, downtown side, to Moss Street; along Moss Street, river side, to Esplanade Avenue; along Esplanade Avenue, both sides, to place near and adjoining Fortin Street; both sides of said place to Fortin Street; along Fortin Street, both sides, to Gentilly Road; along Gentilly Road, both sides, to Abundance Street; along Abundance Street, both sides, to St. Bernard Avenue; along St. Bernard Avenue, both sides, to North Miro Street; along North Miro Street, both sides, to Touro Street; along Touro Street, both sides, to Marigny Avenue; along Marigny Avenue, both sides, to Elysian Fields Avenue; along Elysian Fields Avenue, both sides, to North Miro Street; along North Miro Street, both sides, to St. Roch Avenue; along St. Roch Avenue, both sides, to North Galvez Street; along North Galvez Street, both sides, to Lafayette Avenue; along Lafayette Avenue, both sides, to North Derbigny Street; along North Derbigny Street, both sides, to Press Street; along Press Street, both sides, to Marais Street; along Marais Street, both sides, to Bartholomew Street; along Bartholomew Street, both sides, to St. Claude Avenue; along St. Claude Avenue, both sides, to Kentucky Street; along Kentucky Street, both sides, to Burgundy Street; along Burgundy Street, both sides, to Delery Street; along Delery Street, uptown side, to the river, and along the river to Eagle Street, the point of beginning. In the Fifteenth Ward (Algiers) the first garbage district shall comprise the territory within the following limits: Beginning at the river front and Atlantic Street, along both sides of Atlantic Street to Diana Street; along Diana Street, both sides, to Verret Street; along Verret Street, both sides, to Socrates Street; along Socrates Street, both sides, to

Teche Street; along Teche Street, both sides, to Bringier Street; along Bringier Street, both sides, to the river, and along the river to Atlantic Street, the point of beginning.

The second garbage district shall be comprised of all that part of the city of New Orleans lying outside of the first garbage district hereinabove described.

The owners, agents, and occupants of premises in the first garbage district shall place, or cause to be placed, garbage containers for removal of their contents as provided for in section 1 of this ordinance every day, except Sundays, before the hour of 6.45 a. m., and in the second garbage district every Monday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday before the hour of 6.45 a. m.: *Provided*, That such garbage containers may be so placed over the night preceding the day fixed for the removal of their contents.

SEC. 3. That for the purpose of this ordinance the word "garbage" as used in this ordinance shall be construed to mean house and kitchen offal and all refuse matter not excrementitious liquid, and composed of animal or vegetable substances, including dead animals (except cows, horses, mules, and goats), coming from public and private premises of the city and not destined for consumption as food.

SEC. 4. That it shall be unlawful for any owner, agent, or occupant of any such premise to have, maintain, or keep any garbage on any premise except in such garbage containers as are provided for in section 1 of this ordinance.

SEC. 5. That such garbage containers shall be kept tightly covered at all times, except when momentarily open to receive the garbage or to have the contents therefrom removed, as provided for hereinafter.

SEC. 6. That when such garbage container is placed on the outside of any premise it shall be unlawful for any person engaged in the removal of garbage, or for any person, to remove the cover from such garbage container, except for the purpose of emptying its contents into a duly authorized garbage wagon, or to throw such garbage container on the street or sidewalk, or to injure it in any way so as to make it leak or to bend it or its cover as to prevent said garbage container from being tightly covered; and all persons engaged in the removal of garbage shall, after emptying said container, replace the cover tightly on said container.

SEC. 7. That the owner, agent, or occupant of every premise in the city of New Orleans shall keep separate from their garbage and ashes tin cans, broken crockery, hardware, old planks, wooden matter, paper, sweepings, and other trash, and place same in a sound, substantial vessel or container kept for that purpose, which vessel or container shall be placed on the sidewalk or alley in front or rear of each premise of the city of New Orleans, as provided in section 1 of this ordinance for garbage containers, for removal on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week before the hour of 6.45 a. m.: *Provided*, That such rubbish other than garbage may be so placed overnight on Mondays and Wednesdays: *Provided*, That not more than one barrel of ashes shall be so placed for removal from any one premise at any one time.

SEC. 8. That the provisions of this ordinance shall apply to all public and private markets, as well as all places of business, hotels, restaurants, and all other premises, whether used for business, boarding, or residential purposes.

SEC. 9. That for the purpose of enforcing this ordinance any person living on any premise shall be deemed an occupant, and any person receiving the rent, in whole or in part, of any premise shall be deemed an agent; that on any premise where construction of any kind is in progress, and where employees or workmen eat their dinners, or lunches, in or about said premises, or scatter lunch or food in or about such premises, the contractor or foreman or other person in charge of such workmen shall be deemed an occupant; and that the person in charge of any market, or stall in any market, shall be deemed an occupant.

SEC. 10. That it shall be unlawful for any person to pick from or disturb the contents of any garbage containers or vessels, or other containers provided for in this ordinance.

SEC. 11. That each day's violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

SEC. 12. That any person violating any provision of this ordinance shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$25, or, in default of the payment of said fine, by imprisonment in the parish jail for not less than 10 days nor more than 30 days, or both, at the discretion of the recorder having jurisdiction of the same.

SEC. 13. That any law or ordinance in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance, in whole or in part, be and the same is hereby repealed.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Living Bacterial Organisms—Use in the Inoculation of Human Beings. (Reg. Dept. of Health, Mar. 30, 1915.)

Regulations of the department of health of the city of New York, adopted March 30, 1915, effective April 1, 1915, relating to section 120 of the sanitary code, which provides as follows:

SEC. 120. *The use of living bacterial organisms in the inoculation of human beings regulated.*—The use of living bacterial organisms in the inoculation of human beings for the prevention or treatment of disease is hereby prohibited until full and complete data regarding the method of use, including a specimen of the culture and other agents employed therewith, and a full account of the details of preparation, dosage, and administration shall have been submitted to the board of health of the city of New York, and permission shall have been granted in writing by the said board for such use.

The applicant shall make precise statements in English supplying the following information:

1. Nature of culture.
2. Source of culture.
3. Duration of cultivation on artificial media.
4. Sensitization.
5. Results of animal inoculation.
6. Result of previous human inoculations.
7. Abstracts of important reports of tests in literature with the journal references.

Schools—Physical Examination of School Children. (Reg. Dept. of Health, Mar. 30, 1915.)

Regulations of the Department of Health of the city of New York, adopted March 30, 1915, effective April 1, 1915, relating to section 200 of the Sanitary Code, which provides as follows:

SEC. 200. *Physical care of school children.*—A health certificate prepared in accordance with the regulations of the department of health, and signed by a duly licensed physician authorized to practice medicine in the State of New York shall be furnished by each pupil at the time of his or her admission to a public or other free school supported in whole or in part by funds obtained from direct taxation.

If any such pupil shall not present a health certificate, as required herein, the principal or teacher in charge of the school shall cause a notice to be promptly sent to the parent, guardian, or other person having the care, custody, or control of such pupil to the effect that, if the required health certificate be not presented within 10 days thereafter, a physical examination of such pupil will be made by a medical inspector of the department of health.

Every principal or teacher in charge of a public or other free school supported in whole or in part by funds obtained from direct taxation shall report to the medical